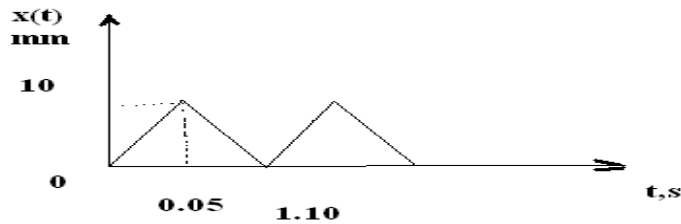


**ME 7001**  
**(VIBRATION & NOISE CONTROL)**

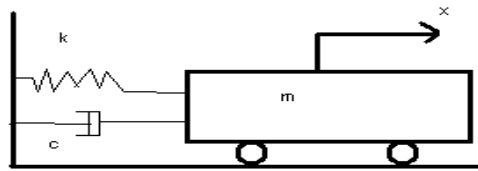
1. (a) What is vibration?
- (b) What are the different types of vibration?
- (c) Write the advantages of vibration?
- (d) Derive natural frequency equation for an undamped free vibration system by Rayleigh's method?
- (e) A force  $F_0 \sin \omega t$  acts on a displacement  $x_0 \sin(\omega t - \pi/3)$ . Taking  $F_0 = 50 \text{ N}$ ,  $x_0 = 25 \text{ mm}$  and  $\omega = 15 \pi \text{ rad/s}$ , Determine the work done during –
  1. The first second
  2. The first 1/20 seconds

2. (a) Describe beats phenomenon?
- (b) What is harmonic analysis?
- (c) Write the effect of vibration?
- (d) Derive natural frequency equation for a damped free vibration system by Rayleigh's method
- (e) Represent the motion shown in fig by Fourier series?



3. (a) What is logarithmic decrement?
- (b) What is natural frequency of vibration?
- (c) Explain viscous damping?
- (d) Differentiate between Coulomb damping & solid damping. [
- (e) A mass of 10 kg is kept on two slabs of isolators placed one over the other. One of the isolators is of rubber having a stiffness of  $3 \text{ kN/m}$  and damping coefficient of  $100 \text{ N-s/m}$  while the other isolator is felt with stiffness of  $12 \text{ kN/m}$  and damping coefficient of  $300 \text{ N-s/m}$ . If the system is set in motion in vertical direction, determine the damped and undamped natural frequencies of the system.

4. (a) Derive logarithmic decrement?
- (b) Explain dry friction damping?
- (c) Differentiate between over damped and critically damped systems?
- (d) Find the equation of motion for the system shown in fig  
When  $\varepsilon = 1.0$ , if the mass  $m$  is displaced by a distance of 3 cm and released.



(e) Explain any three of them

1. Coefficient of damping
2. Damping ratio
3. Over damped system
4. Interfacial damping
5. structural damping